OPERATORS MANUAL

Starke Energy Mini Series

FBT15-MINI 2019-12



STARKE MATERIAL HANDLING GROUP

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Please read the manual carefully before operation

• This manual is universal manual. We reserve the right to modify technology of the electric stacker. If there is anything in the manual that is not consistent with the actual stacker, the actual stacker should be considered correct and the manual is only for reference.

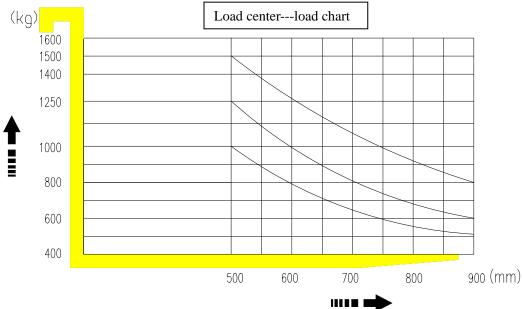
Warning

- Operator of the truck must strictly follow ISO 3691 "Safety Specification for Industrial Vehicles" and it is prohibited for untrained people to operate the truck.
- Increasing speeds from factory settings are not recommended. Slow to moderate speeds must be maintained in order ensure stopping control. This unit has a unique automatic electric braking system. There is no foot brake pedal or parking brake. Braking is done automatically and electronically when the accelerator pedal is released. Ensure that speed and brake settings are set to match the specific application and environment where the truck is being used to ensure safe operation.

According to ISO3691:1980 《Safety regulation for industrial trucks》 the load capacity and lifting height of our FBT15-MINI three-wheel electric forklift is regulated as follows:

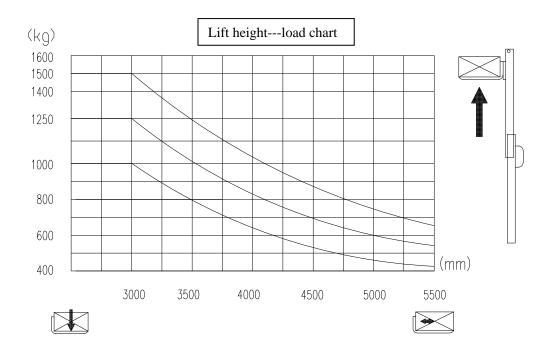
I. Load chart:

- ——When the lifting height of FBT15-MINI three-wheel electric forklift is below 3000mm(including 3000mm), the max. capacity of the truck is the rated capacity, forbid overloading
- 1. Capacity plate information: the capacity plate is under the overhead guard, it contains: truck serial number, capacity information (load, load center and lift height), truck type (fire safety rating), truck weight with battery(does not include load), attachment information.
- 2. Reading capacity plate: capacity may be reduced as lift height increases. For example (FBT15-MINI): on the sample plate, 1500kg can be lifted to 3000mm. But above 3000mm to 4800mm, capacity is reduced from 1500kg to 800kg.
- 3. Capacity is reduced as load center increase. For example (FBT15-MINI): on the sample plate, 1500kg can be lifted if the load center is 500mm. The load center is increased from 500mm to 600mm, capacity is reduced from 1500kg to 1300kg.
- 4. You may not increase capacity if load center is less than shown on your capacity plate. Contact our company for load center distance, lift height and max. capacity.
- 5. Truck weight: Dock boards, elevators and some floors have limited capacity. Check the capacity plate for the weight of your truck. Make sure you use the correct units of measure.
- 6. Some truck types are not permitted in areas where there are fire hazards. Watch for marked areas. For example: you must not drive a type E or ES truck into an area restricted EE or EX trucks.
- 7. Attachment data: If an attachment on your truck does not match the information given here on your capacity plate, do not operate your truck. Your capacity plate maybe wrong. Report the problem to your supervisor.
- 8. Braking reduced: For added stability and comfort, braking may be reduced at some lift heights. Check your capacity plate and allow a longer stopping distance above that lift height.



Note:

Vertical coordinate stands for load capacity, cross coordinate stands for the load center. The load center is calculated from the front forks, the base point of standard load capacity refers to 1000mm center of the cube. When the mast has tilting forward, using nonstandard fork or load exceeding that in the normal width, which will reduce the load capacity, understand the load capacity in all load centers in time by the load chart. Reduce 200kg when adding side-shifter.



Note:

Vertical coordinate stands for the load capacity, cross coordinate stands for lift height. understand the load capacity in all load centers in time by the load chart. Reduce 200kg when adding side-shifter.

II. Nameplate

The basic data and the limit data (capacity, height and so on) must be included on the capacity plate of each truck, understand carefully before operation.

- 1. Model and serial #
- 2. Equipment code
- 3. Rated capacity
- 4. Accessory product
- 5. Load center
- 6. Lifting height
- 7. Total weight
- 8. Battery weight

III. Capacity & Load Center

- 1. What is your truck capacity?
 Capacity is the load that can be lifted to a given height at a given load center. See the capacity plate on your truck. Make certain you use the correct units of measure.
- What is load center?
 Load center is the distance from the end of the operator platform to the center of an evenly distributed load.
- 3. Loads must be evenly distributed Your truck could tip over, in any direction, if a load is placed or shifted to the front, back or side of a pallet, cart, platform or container. Make sure you spread the load evenly as you load a pallet.

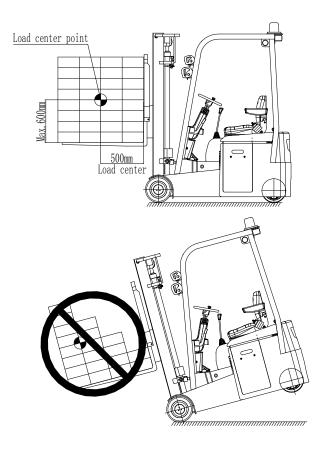


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1. Brief introduction:

FBT15-MINI series electric pallet stacker is powered by storage battery, and driven by AC motor. This kind of truck travels by means of gear transmission. The fork is lifted by means of DC motor and hydraulic actuation, which motivate hydraulic cylinder up and down to lift fork and goods together. As this truck is electrically driven for traveling and lifting, driving is stand, power steering in wheel it possesses many characteristics as labor-saving, high efficiency, stability in operation, simple and easy operation, safety and reliability, little noise and environmental friendly, etc. This truck adopts 24V large capacity battery cell, which greatly extends service time within one charge.

The kind of truck is applicable for goods transportation on hard and flat ground.

Allowed environment for using:

- a. HEIGHT ABOVE SEA LEVEL SHALL NOT BE OVER 1000M;
- b. Ambient temperature shall not be higher than +40°C and no lower than -25°C.
- c. When the ambient temperature reaches +40°C, the relative humidity should not exceed 50%; at a lower temperature, higher relative humidity is allowed.
- d. Hard and flat ground.

 It is prohibited to use the truck in a flammable, explosive or corrosive environment with acid and alkali.

Description:

The instruction manual shall be kept by the operator, and shall be read by the operator until he gets a full understanding.

The instruction manual is composed of correct operation, convenient and simple maintenance, and routine inspection.

The instruction manual shall be carefully read before operation, for purpose of correct drive and suitable maintenance to ensure safe and effective material transportation.

The instruction may be in disagreement with practical product due to product innovation.

The instruction manual shall be accompanied with in case of truck leasing or transfer.

Please come into contact with our sales department in case of any problem.

Description of symbol: Regulations of the following symbols are of great importance to your safety and others as well. Please obey these rules.

Danger	Indicates an impending danger. Deaths or severe injuries would be resulted without any precaution or avoidance. You must observe those requirements.
Warning	Indicates a potential danger. Deaths or severe injuries would be resulted without any precaution or avoidance. You must observe those requirements.
Caution	Indicates a potential danger. Moderate injuries would be resulted without any precaution or avoidance. You must observe those requirements.



Notice

You shall pay attention to statements that are in direct or indirect relation with personal security and truck maintenance.

Three-wheel electric forklift

Standing type electric forklift can lift, side-shift and stack goods, it is designed specially to operate in the warehouse with narrow aisle.

Fork function, standard function and optional function

Standard fork or hydraulic function: lift and lower fork and tilting mast.

Also include other parts, such as side-shifter, carton clip or push-puller. The company can determine the relative function according to the working area and conduct relevant training.

How to drive the forklift

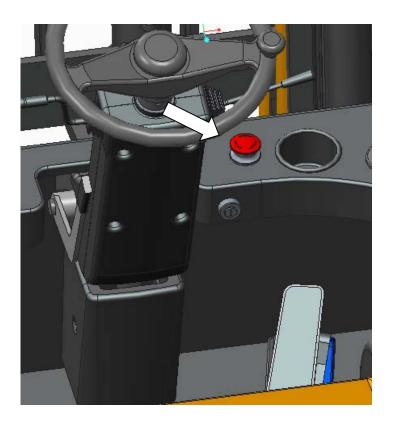
Forklift can be equipped with the soft cushion, adjustable handrail and moveable pedal in the operation area. The operator stands on the side and back on the soft cushion when driving. What's more, the hand and the foot is on the control handle and the pedal respectively, which can be comfortable and stable. In addition, observe the other direction when turning the head and drive in this direction.

Key switch

The key switch is on the right side of the operating table:

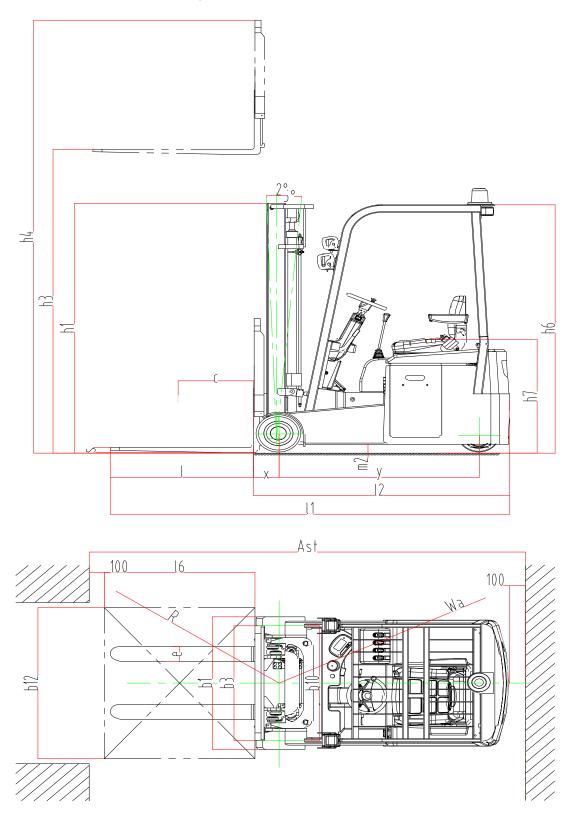
OFF -turn the key switch to OFF, disconnect the circuit.

ON-- turn the key switch to ON, connect the circuit.



2. Outline drawing

2.1 FBT15-MINI Outline drawing



3. Main Technical Parameters

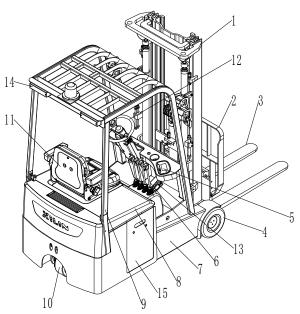
Characteris tics	1.1	Model		FBT15-MINI
	1.2	drive type		
	1.3	operation type		Seated
	1.4	rated capacity	Q(kg)	1360
	1.5	load center	c(mm)	600
	1.6	distance from front axle to support	x(mm)	170
	1.7	wheel base	y(mm)	1348
Weight	2.1	weight(no battery)	kg	2600
J	2.2	axle load, laden front/rear	kg	3280/810
	2.3	axle load, unladen front/rear(with Max. battery)	kg	975/1625
Wheels	3.1	wheel size front	spring solid wheel	305X140
	3.2	wheel size rear	solid wheel	280X100
	3.3	wheel number-front		2
	3.4	wheel number-rear		1
	3.5	thread-front	b10(mm)	912
	3.6	thread-rear	b11(mm)	0
Dimension s	4.1	mast/fork frame tilting angle, front		2
	4.2	mast/fork frame tilting angle, rear		5
	4.3	mast height, lowered	h1(mm)	1980
	4.4	free lift height	h2(mm)	Option
	4.5	lift height	h3(mm)	2500-5600
	4.6	max. height, mast extended	h4(mm)	3500-6600
	4.12	overall width	b1(mm)	1055
	4.13	thickness	s(mm)	35
	4.14	width	e(mm)	100
	4.15	length	l(mm)	950 (1070)
	4.16	fork frame type		A type
	4.17	fork frame width	b3(mm)	680
	4.18	bottom of mast ground clearance, laden	m1(mm)	68
	4.19	truck body ground clearance	m2(mm)	68
	4.2	aisle width for pallets 1000x1200 crossways	Ast (mm)	3050
	4.21	aisle width for pallets 800x1200 lengthways	Ast (mm)	3150
	4.22	turning radius	Wa(mm)	1550
Performan ce	5.1	travel speed, laden	km/h	6.8
	5.2	travel speed, unladen	km/h	7
	5.3	lift speed, laden	mm/s	100
	5.4	lift speed, unladen	mm/s	150
	5.7	gradeability, laden	%	10
	5.8	gradeability, unladen	%	15
	5.11	brake		electric
Motor	6.1	drive motor power	KW	2.2 (AC)
	6.2	pump motor power	KW	2.2
	6.3	system pressure	bar	140
Battery	7.1	voltage	V	24

7.2		capacity	Ah	320 (400)
	7.3	battery weight	kg	300
Others	8.1	travel control		AC
	8.2	average noise	Db(A)	68

4. Introduction of Structure

(Refer to the structure diagrams, schematics of main components)

The truck mainly consists of mast 1, load backrest 2, fork 3, Load wheel 4, multifunction liquid crystal combined instrument 5, multi-valve operating mechanism 6, truck frame 7, hood 8, overhead guard 9, drive wheel 10, seat (with switch) 11, steering operation system 12, electrical control system 13, lamp system 14, side-way storage battery 15 and other components.



No.	FBT15-MINI	Name	
1	•	Mast	
2	•	load backrest	
3	•	fork	
4	•	Load wheel	
5	•	multifunction liquid crystal combined instrument	
6	•	multi-valve operating mechanism	
7	•	Truck frame	
8	•	Hood	
9	•	overhead guard	
10	•	Drive wheel	
11	•	seat (with switch)	
12	•	steering operation system	
13	electrical control system		
14	•	lamp system	
15	•	side-way storage battery	
●=Standard ○=Option			

5. Safety Norms:



Warning

Please pay attention to the following items first before operation of the truck:

- (1) This electric truck is only limited to utilization indoor with a hard flat floor. Operation in inflammable, explosive environment or corrosive environment such as acid or alkaline condition shall be strictly forbidden.
- (2) Only drivers who have received formal training or are authorized can be allowed to drive the truck.
- (3) Read this instruction carefully before operation so as to master the performance of the truck; check the truck whether it is in its normal condition before each operation. It is forbidden to use faulty truck; repair by untrained persons is forbidden as well.
- (4) Overloading operation is forbidden.
- (5) As for goods carrying and operation, center of gravity of the goods must be within range of the two forks. It is forbidden to transport loose goods
- (6) The truck shall travels slowly when forks pass in or out of pallet.
- (7) It is strictly forbidden to press the lifting or lowering button during the traveling of the truck. Meanwhile, don't switch lifting and lowering buttons rapidly or frequently, because rapid and frequent lifting or lowering will cause damage to the truck and goods.
- (8) Don't load heavy goods on the forks rapidly.
- (9) Don't lay the goods on the truck for a long time!
- (10) It is strictly forbidden to make sharp turn on narrow aisle. When it is turning, slow down the truck so as to ensure the safety of personnel and goods.
- (11) Descend the forks to the lowest position when the truck is not used.
- (12) It is strictly forbidden to put any part of the body under heavy goods and forks.
- (13) This truck is suitable to be used on flat ground or flat platform. Don't put the truck on the slope for a long time.
- (14) Overloading operation is forbidden. Otherwise the wheel will skid, resulting in the damage of wheel and motor as well as danger of the human body and goods.
- (15) It is strictly to use the truck under stipulated voltage of 20.4V.
- (16) It is strictly forbidden to conduct charge by connecting the plug to AC power directly.
- (17) It is strictly forbidden to put the operator's head, hand and foot out of the cabin.
- (18) It is strictly forbidden to drive when the forks are in lifting position.

5.1 Safety operation norms:

(1) Training of driver:



Notice

Even though each truck may have the same technical parameters, there may be differences on features of braking and acceleration as well. Never drive the truck until you get familiar with all those operations.

(2)Wear of the driver during truck driving:



Notice

Please put on safety shoes and protective clothes. Do not wear clothes that are too loose for sake of being caught, which would result in danger.

(3) Rules that must be observed:



Notice

Never drive the truck when you are tired or un-concentrated, with an injection of drug, or after a liquor drinking.

- A. Safety rules and regulations shall be observed during operation or maintenance of the truck.
- B. Avoid sudden start or stop. Operate all parts smoothly.
- C. It is forbidden to turn around on slopes. Drive smoothly.
- D. It is forbidden to load on slopes or travel while the forks are lifting
- E. Lowering the speed before turn around particularly in unladen cases.

(4) self protection



Notice

Before operating the truck make sure to fasten the safety belt and traction rope. Fix the chain and guardrail in appropriate position.

(5) Safety of working place:



Notice

This kind of electric truck is only limited to utilization indoor with a hard flat floor. Operation in inflammable, explosive environment or corrosive environment such as acid or alkaline condition shall be strictly forbidden.

- A Good roadway condition shall be kept and the traffic should be smooth.
- B Sufficient light ray shall be ensured on working place.
- C Fire extinguishing appliances shall be equipped in the places where truck and charging is operated.

 The extinguishing appliances shall comply with the requirements of extinguishing fire of solid combustible matter and electric apparatus.
- D The value of truck noise mentioned in instruction is measured under the condition of new truck running on flat, smooth and hard ground. If the traffic surface is bad or the tyre of truck is damaged, the noise may be amplified.
- (6) Integrity of the truck shall be realized:



Warning

Do not make modifications on the truck.

- A Please observe safety rules and regulations of your working place during operation, inspection, and maintenance of the truck.
- B No modification or addition shall be made to the truck without written permission by our company. A modification of the truck may have a negative effect on its safe operation.
- No modifications or alterations to a powered industrial truck, which may affect, for example, capacity, stability or safety requirements of the truck, shall be made without the prior written approval of the original truck manufacturer, its authorized representative, or a successor thereof. This includes changes affecting, for example braking, steering, visibility and the addition of removable attachments. When the manufacturer or its successor approve a modification or alteration, they shall also make and approve appropriate changes to capacity plate, decals, tags and operation and maintenance handbooks.
- Only in the event that the truck manufacturer is no longer in business and there is no successor in the interest to the business, the user may arrange for a modification or alteration to a powered industrial truck, provided,

however, that the user shall:

- a) arrange for the modification or alteration to be designed, tested and implemented by an engineer(s) expert in industrial trucks and their safety;
- b) maintain a permanent record of the design, test(s) and implementation of the modification or alteration;
- c) approve and make appropriate changes to the capacity plate(s), decals, tags and instruction handbook; affix a permanent and readily visible label to the truck stating the manner in which the truck has been modified or altered together with the date of the modification or alteration, and the name and address of the organization that accomplished the tasks.
- (7) Prepare safety operation procedure:

Safety operation procedure shall be formulated with consideration of practical situations before operation of the truck. Safety shall be taken into full consideration in preparation of the safety operation procedure.

When lifting the truck please be careful of the space, particularly the space overhead.

- (8) Operation of truck under unsafe condition is strictly forbidden:
 - A Operation under unsafe condition is forbidden, such as under conditions with uneven floor, or impeded road. Goods lifting on slope is strictly forbidden.
 - B Faulty truck is forbidden to use.

C Make sure a daily inspection of the truck would be taken. Please immediately repair or replace in case of any abnormal conditions.

(9) Overloading operation of truck is forbidden:



Warning

Overloading operation of truck is forbidden. Overloading operation would cause damage to the truck or bring harm to operator.

(10) Use suitable pallet:

- A. The pallet shall be of suitable dimensions, neither too wide nor too large.
- B. Fix the pallet or lifting table. If pallet is installed on the truck make sure the clip to the pallet is fastened. If there no pallet or pallet clip make sure lifting is safely fixed.
- C. Make sure the pallet or lifting table is well fixed or the stability on the forks. If there is pallet on the truck make sure the forks are in the outside edge to decrease the possibility of tilt of the truck .
- D. Put the goods evenly within the pallet limited size.
- E. Only allow to load stipulated weight and within the load center. Refer to plate.
- F. Keep well the focus of the goods and make sure the forks are under the goods.

(11) Pay attention to load area:



Notice

Check the width of the board, loaded goods and safety. Pay attention to the strength of the ground.

(12) Electrical System Inspection:



Notice

Before checking the electrical system, turn off the key switches and the emergency isolation switches.

5.2 Safety Operation Specification:

(1) Check the safety condition around the truck:

Notice Before starting up the truck, please ensure that there is no person around it.
Notice
Notice If the driver's view is shielded by the bulky goods carried, please drive backwards or drive under the guidance of other working personnel.
Notice No travelling while lifting or descending which is not safe.
Notice Ensure no people around the truck when driving backwards.
Notice Driving through the narrow access shall be guided by working personnel.
Notice At crossroad or other places impeditive for view, the driver shall not drive until there is no person at both sides.
Nation Nation
Keep concentration when operating truck.



Caution

The driving mechanism of truck is installed on the front. Due to this difference from common vehicles, the front of truck swings comparatively fast when turning around. For this reason, to prevent collision with other objects nearby the front of truck, do drive or turn slowly.

(2) strictly forbid harsh driving:



Notice

Never start up, brake or turn abruptly.

Abrupt start-up or braking may cause the falling of goods.

Abrupt turning during traveling may cause the tilting of truck and result in						
serious accident. Do decelerate and take care to turn.						
Notice 1						
Notice						
Observe all items of safety rules on working place. Decelerate and sound horn when travel by other truck or vehicles. Avoid driving in places with bad view.						
when travel by other truck of verlicles. Avoid driving in places with bad view.						
Notice Ensure to provide certain clearance between truck and entrance.						

(3) Never drive too close to roadside:



Notice

Ensure to provide enough distance between the truck and roadside or platform edge.

When running on narrow road or platform, keep a certain safety distance with the edge against falling of the truck.



Warning

Avoid turning or loading and unloading operation on slope; otherwise the truck can go tilting.

5.3 Operation norms:



Notice

The truck can only carry goods under rated capacity.

- 1) Forbid overloading operation.
- 2) Forbid deflective transportation.
- 3) Passengers on truck must be forbidden.
- 4) Never push or pull the handle abruptly
- 5) Never use the truck as towing vehicle.
- 6) When transporting over-wide goods, the driver shall be extremely careful to turn slowly to keep balance of the goods. Decelerate when ascent and descent, meanwhile, watch around for sake of safety.
- 7) The faulty truck for future repair must not be parked at places impeditive for traffic. Lower down the fork arms to the lowest position and put on the warning board. Pull off the key.
- 8) The truck cannot be operated when the protective cover for the mast and other protective facility are not installed.
- 9) Avoid wind risk while loading.



Notice

Avoid wind risk while loading.

10) The driver must control the speed according to the on spot situation. The driver must drive slowly when turn around, passing narrow aisle, passing rotating door, and view impeding places. Appropriate braking distance must be kept with the other truck in front and control the electric well at all time. It is prohibited to stop abruptly (except

there is an accident), turn around quickly or surpass the other truck in dangerous or view impeded position. It is prohibited to put the body or the hand out of the cabin.

- 11) Driver's view during driving: The driver must keep his view in the driving direction and mind the situation on the road. If the transported goods impede the driver's view the goods must be moved to the back of the driver. If the goods cannot be adjusted an additional personnel is needed at the side front to guide the driver.
- 12) Up and down slopes: Up and down slopes must be on the stipulated driving road. The road surface should be clean and not slippery. The road must be suitable for stackers and safe and reliable. Up slopes laden the forks must be forward and down slopes backward. No turn around side drive or loading and unloading during up or down slopes. Deceleration is necessary down slopes and is ready to brake at any time.
- 13) Drive the stack to elevator or loading table: If it is necessary to drive the stacker to elevator or loading table make sure that the elevator or loading table is able to stand the weight and the structure is capable of bearing the stacker and at the same time to get permission from the equipment user. All needs to be done before hand. When driving the stack into elevator the goods must come in first. Choose a suitable place to stand to avoid collision with the tunnel wall during lifting or descending. If there is working staff going together with the stacker make sure to wait until the stacker is positioned well to come in. After reaching the destination level the working staff will leave the elevator first.
- 14) Necessary conditions for the transported goods: The stack driver must check the goods carefully to make sure no danger will happen. Before transporting the goods make sure the goods is well placed and fixed. If there is the possibility that the goods may be upside down or fall off protective facility (such as guardrail) must be installed.

5.4 Protective facility for the operator



Notice

The overhead guard is a protective facility for the operator to avoid possible falling objects. But it will not guard from all possible hit. It is forbidden to dismantle the overhead guard.

Important notice after operation:

- 1) Parking: Park the truck at appointed place. Never park the truck on slope. Ensure the following points to be achieved before leaving away the truck:
 - a) Lay down the fork to the lowest position naturally.
 - b) Turn the steering wheel to the middle position.
 - c) Turn off the key switch.
- 2) Clean up the truck:



Notice

When cleaning up the electrical system, use compressed air but not

water.

3) Charge:



Warning

Open flame is forbidden to appear at the charge places, otherwise, explosion or fire disaster can be caused.

Make a record of charge. As for the charge method, refer to the part about storage battery operation.

6. Initial operation

6.1 Initial operation:

6. 1. 1 In order to stop power supply in dangerous situation the battery plug(not included in shipment) must be connected with the emergence stop plug of the electric truck.



Warning

No operation of the truck without the emergency stop plug.

- 6. 1. 2 The stack can only be driven by the power from the battery. Rectified alternating current can damage the electric components of the stacker. The cable of the battery (towing cable) is no longer than 6 m.
 - 6. 1. 3 If the stack is driven by an external battery via a towing cable it is forbidden to increase the load.
 - 6. 1. 4 Inspection before use:
 - a) If the equipment is complete and in normal condition.
 - b) If the battery is not installed, install the battery. Pay attention not to damage the battery cable.
 - 6. 1. 5 Adjust the characteristic curve of the charger (charging curve)
- 6. 1. 6 After the stacker being idle for a long time the side touching the ground of the wheel is a lot bit flat. After it travel for a while the flat part will recover.

6.2 The stacker is not driven by the steering device of itself:



Warning

It is strictly forbidden to pull or to drag the stacker on

slopes.

- 6. 2. 1 If pull or drag the stacker in emergence cases the Embrake must be loosened.
- 6. 2. 2 After park the electric truck in stipulated area the Embrake must be fixed well again so that the stacker can resume back to the embrake condition.

7. Operation instruction

Electric stacker travel and lift by battery for short distance transportation and stacking; Proper use of the truck will bring you great convenience in work and improper use will damage the truck and bring danger to your personal safety and the goods as well.

7.1 Prepare before operation:

For your own safety and maximum service life of the lift truck, make a thorough walk-round inspection before mounting the lift truck or starting to move it. Look for such items as loose bolts, trash build-up, oil leakage, condition of tires, mast, carriage, forks, or attachments.

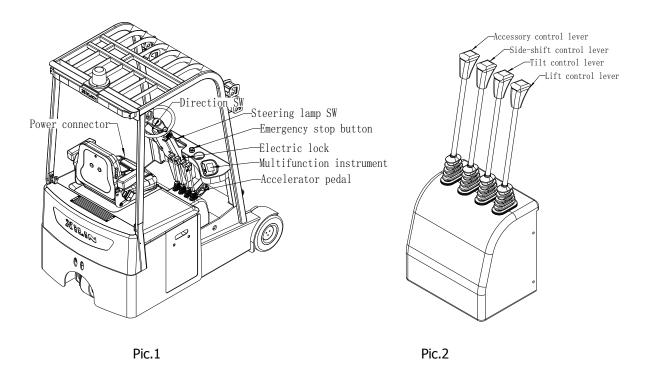


Warning

Never use the faulty truck.

7. 1. 1 Inspect the truck before operation: 1.Check whether there is loosening the screws. 2.clean any mud or debris from the floor plates for safe footing. 3.check the instrument panel for damage to the indicator display. 4.Check Mast, chains, horns and other devices.5.Check the frame, mast, forks and accessories for wear and damage, if there is no fixed installation screws.6.check the tires and wheels for proper inflation. cuts, gouges, foreign objects and loose or missing nuts. 7.check the overhead guard for damage. loose or missing mounting bolts. 8.check the hydraulic system for leaks, worn hoses or damaged lines. 9.check the drive axle housing for oil leaks. 10.check the battery compartment for loose connection, frayed cables and properly secured battery restraint.11.observe the electrolyte level for proper level. 12.check the light for proper operation. 13.Check the support wheel whether it works or not, there is unimpeded phenomenon of death or not, prohibited the use of faulty vehicles.

7. 1. 2 Check whether the battery has power, the method shown in Figure 1, pull out the power switch to open the main power, turn on the electric locks, check the truck's power meter on the dashboard, if left last grid is on, at this time the battery has no electricity, charging the battery, prohibited the use of the truck in case of the absence of electricity, which will greatly reduce battery life, or even damage to the battery.



- 7.1.3 Check the braking of truck and the ascent, descent, running forward and backward. The check method is shown in picture 2:
- (1) Press down the ascent, descent button on the tiller to check the ascent, descent, of the forks.
- (2) Turn the speed control button on picture 2 right the truck moves forward and to turn it left the truck moves backward and it control the speed of moving forward or backward as well.
- (3) As shown in picture 2 the speed control button returns back to middle position from forward and backward driving position the truck should be braked immediately.
- (4) As shown in picture 2 the direction control handle turns clockwise is turn right and turns anti-clockwise is turn left.

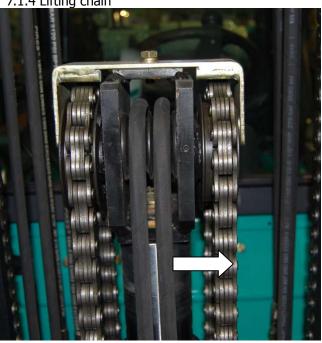
Through the above check if the truck is trouble free it can be used and if it has trouble it is prohibited to use a faulty truck.



Warning

When forking goods or moving goods, never rotate the accelerator knob rapidly to speed up the truck abruptly.

7.1.4 Lifting chain



- 1. Check the whole chain whether it is in good condition, if a certain chain bent, then moving on sprockets will cause wearing by friction with each other.
- 2. Check to ensure that every section of the chain pin is not exposed out.
- 3. If a section of the chain pin head has exposed out, indicating that the interior of the chain pin of this section has been broken.
- 4. Check chain joints and fixing holes for wearing.

7.2 During operation:

7.2.1 Note: The truck is equipped with a magnetic brake near the drive wheel motor shaft, the stacker can operate only when energized, power braking.

7.2.2 operator seated

- 7.2.2.1 operator gets into the operating table, put down the barricade switch, switch off the left foot, left hand steering wheel, right hand operating grip handle.
- 7.2.2.2 The operating handle controls the lift and lower, tilt-forward/backward, side-shift of the mast.
- 7.2.2.3 open the electric lock and emergency stop switches, meters lights, warning lights flashing, the truck enters the standby state.

7.2.3 Driving

- 7.2.3.1 In the lower left side of the instrument has a speed selection button, pressing, H, L, S character will appear on the LCD screen, corresponding to the maximum speed truck 7km / h, 5km / h and 3km / h. Select the appropriate speed according to the working environment requirement or proficiency of operator.
- 7.3.3.2 check before traveling, no matter the truck is under load or overload conditions, do not let the forks touch the ground directly.
- 7.2.3.3 rotate the accelerating knob clockwise, the truck moves forward. rotate the accelerating knob counter-clockwise, the truck moves backwards.
- 7.2.3.4 counter-clockwise rotation of the steering wheel with the left hand, the truck turned left. Clockwise rotation of the steering wheel with the left hand, the truck turned right.
- 7.2.3.5 The truck has a regenerative brake and electrical brake. When accelerating the knob back to the middle position, the truck brakes themselves.

7.2.4 Lifting of the fork

- 7.2.4.1rotate the lift handle counter-clockwise, the fork lifts. Vice versa, the fork lowers.
- 7.2.4.2 Lowering of the fork is buffered. When the fork drops to about 600 mm from the ground will slow down in order to avoid heavy impact on the ground when lowered.

7.2.5 Tilting forwards and backwards

7.2.5.1 Press the control button up, the mast tilts forward. Vice versa, the mast tilts backward.

7.2.6 Side shift of the fork

7.2.6.1 press the control button forward, the fork shifts left. Vice versa, the fork shifts right.

7.2.7 Operating order and security settings

- 7.2.7.1 When the driver leaves the driving station, the truck cannot lift and lower.
- 7.2.7.2The power display of the battery on the instrument is used to monitor the discharging of battery. When the battery discharges to 20%(the power display remains one grid), the truck can only travel and lower, lift is forbidden.

7.2.8 Transport and stack operation:



Notice

The following items should be checked before operating the truck: Make sure in the loading area no goods will fall off or be damaged. Make sure no goods or objects will impede safety.

As shown in Figure 1, Pull out the main power switch to turn on the main power and the electric lock, drive the truck near heap (the fork head is in 300mm distance from the stockpiles), according to the operating handle shown in Figure 2 lowers the forks, adjust the fork height into place, insert the fork slowly as deep as possible into the cargo pallets, operate the handle lifting fork to 200-300mm height from the ground, driving the truck to stop the arrival of shelf space and slow prong at a distance of 300mm shelf unit, then operate the handle lifting fork up to proper height of the shelf (bottom of the pallet is over the shelf 100mm or so), slowly move the cargo to the exact position of shelf. At last, operating the handle lowering fork, carefully placing goods on the shelves, and made the forks leaving the cargo, slowly drive the truck, so that make the fork out of the shelf (the fork head is in 300mm distance from the shelf), lower the fork down to about 300mm from the ground, the truck leave the shelves. It should be noted the obstacles around in the process of moving, slow down when turning.



Notice

Unlike the common truck the driving steering device of this truck is installed in the front of the truck. When turning around the front of the truck swing fast. When the front of the truck reaches near other objects be sure to drive or turn around slowly to avoid collision.

7.2.9 The operation of taking down the goods from the shelf:

As shown in Figure 1, pull out the emergency stop switch, turn on the main power and the electric lock, drive the truck near the goods shelf (the fork head is in 300mm distance from the good shelf), according to the operating handle shown in Figure 2 lowers the forks, adjust the fork height into place, insert the fork slowly as deep as possible into the goods pallets, operate the handle lifting the goods to the height that the bottom of the pallet is 100mm over the shelf, slowly drive the truck, so that make the goods out of the shelf (the fork

head is in 300mm distance from the shelf), lower the fork down to about 200-300mm off the ground, the truck leave the shelves. Then park the truck after travel to the needed position, at last, lower the fork and the goods, make the fork leave the goods completely, shift the fork out of the pallet slowly.

7.3 Treatment of abnormal circumstance in operation:

- 7.3.1 Pull back the tiller the forks are lifted, but when the tiller released back to the middle position the forks are still ascending. Lifting is out of control. In such case switch off the power immediately. Move the truck to safe place and lower down the goods manually. Inspect the circuit.
- 7.3.2 If brake is found not working immediately stop operation and inspect and repair the truck.

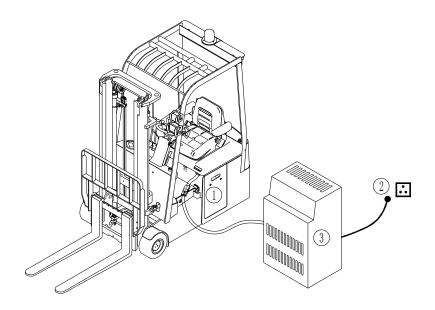
7. 4 After use:

Park the truck to fixed area after use and make daily maintenance in line with clause 6. Charge the truck.

8. Usage, maintenance and charge of storage battery

The truck is equipped with external charger, the charging method is as follows. Charging method of external charger

- 1. Pull out the charging connector from the side of the truck;
- 2. Insert the charging connector into the fixed connector of charger;
- 3. Then insert the plug of charger to two phase AC power system;
- 4. Turn on the charger, and it starts to charge after several seconds.



Schematic diagram of external charger



Warning

Hydrogen is aggregated in the battery box when charging. For this reason, the charging condition shall be good ventilated. In avoidance of explosion and fire disaster, open flame is forbidden.

8. 1 Initial charge

- 8. 1. 1 Initial charge shall be made for new battery, i.e. the first time charge. Clean up the surface of the battery before the initial charge, and then check for damage to ensure reliable connection.
- 8. 1. 2 Open gas cap.
- 8. 1. 3 When the charging equipment is able to operate normally, pour the sulfuric acid electrolyte with a density of 1.260±0.005 (25°C) and a temperature of lower than 30°C into the batteries. The electrolyte level should be 15-25mm higher than the protective board. In order to reduce the temperature rise caused by chemical reaction of the electrolyte and let the electrolyte fully penetrates into the pores of the polar plates and the baffles, the batteries should be placed still for 3-4 hours, not exceeding 8 hours. The initial charging can only be conducted when the electrolyte temperature reduces to below 35°C. (When necessary, the batteries can be put into cold water for temperature reduction). After the still placement, if the electrolyte level reduces, electrolyte should be added.
- 8. 1. 4 The sulfuric acid electrolyte is prepared with battery sulfuric acid complying with the state standard GB4554-84 and distilled water. Never use industrial sulfuric acid and running water. The standard temperature (25°C) and density of the electrolytic solution can be converted as follows:

$$D25 = Dt + 0.0007 (t-25)$$

Where: D25: the density of the electrolytic solution at 25°C

Dt: the actual density of the electrolytic solution at t °C.

t: temperature of the electrolytic solution when testing the density.

- 8. 1. 5 Dry up the electrolyte spilled on the surface of battery. Connect the positive and negative poles of batteries with those of D.C. source (charger) respectively and then turn on the power. Charge with the current of 30A (the current of the first stage). After the charge voltage achieves 43.2V (18×2.4V=43.2V), switch to the 15A current of the second stage for continuative charge. When charging, the temperature of electrolyte shall never exceed 45°C. When the temperature raising up nearly to 45°C, reduce the current by half or stop charging temporarily. After the electrolyte temperature reduce below 35°C, continue charging. However the charge time need to be extended appropriately.
- 8. 1. 6 Fully charged basis: When the voltage during the second stage charging reaches 46.8V (18 ×2.6V = 46.8V), the variation of the voltage is no greater than 0.005 (V). The density of the electrolytic solution reaches 1.280 ±0.005 (25°C), no apparent changes in 2 hours and there are fine air bubbles appear violently, it can be deemed that the batteries are fully charged. The charged power capacity is 4-5 times of the rated capacity and the charging time is about 70 hours.
- 8. 1. 7 In order to accurately control the sulfuric acid content of the electrolytic solution, the electrolytic solution density of the batteries should be examined during the last period of charging. If there is inconsistence, adjust with distilled water or sulfuric acid with a density of 1.40. The electrolytic solution density and the liquid surface should be adjusted to the stipulated value within two hours in the charging state.
- 8. 1. 8 After the initial charging is completed, the surface of the batteries should be cleaned. Close the cover of the open cover type liquid hole plug and then the batteries can be used.

8. 2 Use and maintenance

- 8. 2. 1 In order to guarantee the service life of the batteries, the batteries in use should be fully charged. Insufficiently charged batteries must not be used. During the process of use, close attention should be paid to the discharge extent. Over discharge is prohibited---the voltage reduces to 1.7V per battery (when the total voltage reduces to 1.7V×18 = 30.6V). When the density of the electrolytic solution reduces to 1.17, discharging should be stopped and charging should be conducted at once. The batteries should not be placed idle for a long period of time. The supplementary charging frequently conducted during the process of use is called common charge.
- 8. 2. 2 Common charge: The first stage current of common charge is 30A and that of the second stage is 15A. The charging method is the same as that of initial charge. The charged volume is 130-140 % of the discharged volume and the charging time is about 12 hours.
- 8. 2. 3 The batteries in normal use should avoid over-charge, but over-charge must be properly conducted for the batteries in following situation, i.e. balance charge.

- a. The "lag-behind" batteries--- batteries with a voltage lower than that of the other batteries in the discharging process and the batteries having been repaired for failure. (When balance charge is conducted, the positive and negative poles of the "lag-behind" battery should be respectively connected with the positive and negative ends of the charger, the DC power supply, and the charge should be conducted independently.)
 - b. Balance charge should be conducted for the batteries in normal use every 2-3 months.
 - c. Balance charge should be conducted for the batteries that have not been used for a long period of time before use.
- 2. 4 Equalizing charge:
- a. Charge with a 4A current
- b. When the charge voltage reaches 46.8V ($18 \times 2.6V = 46.8V$) and air bubbles occur in the electrolyte, the current should be reduced by 50% (2A) and continue to charge.
- c. When the batteries are fully charged, stop charging for 0.5 hour and charge again with a 1A current for one more hour.
- d. Stop charging for another 0.5 hour and charge with a 1A current for another one hour.
- e. Repeat according to item d till air bubbles occur violently in the batteries once the charger is switched on.

8.3 Storage

The storage battery shall be kept in clean, dry and ventilated warehouse within the temperature range of 5 to 40°C. The valid storage period is 2 years. Safekeeping shall be made within storage period according to the following requirements:

- a. Avoid direct sunlight. The distance from heat source shall not less than 2m.
- b. Avoid contact with any harmful substance. No metal impurity shall fall inside the battery.
- c. No inversion, no mechanical collision or heavy weight is permitted.
 - d. Storage with electrolyte is forbidden. Under special cases that the storage with electrolyte is necessary, the density and solution level of electrolyte shall be adjusted to the specified value. Whenever one month of storage period expires, a complementary charge shall be made with the common charge method.



Warning

The operator has to wear the protective equipments when operating the electrolyte

8.4 Operation of electrolyte

(1) Density check

The suction type density meter shall be used to check density. During operation, avoid spilling out the electrolyte, and do wear protection appliance.

(2) Operation besides check

Consult professional personnel, especially when complementing electrolyte (dilute sulfuric acid).

(3) Electrolyte leakage

As for the electrolyte leakage resulting from storage battery tilting and damage, emergency treatment shall be made at once (See emergency treatment item).

8.5 Operation of storage batteries during the final stage of their lifetime

(1) Operation of storage batteries during the final stage of their lifetime

When the lifetime of storage battery is about to terminate, the electrolyte in single battery reduces very fast. For this reason, distilled water shall be complemented everyday.

(2)Treatment of waste battery

As for the waste battery, draw out the electrolyte and decompose the battery. It can be discussed that

whether the waste battery shall be recycled by the battery manufacturer. The waste electrolyte can be disposed according to relevant local rules and regulations.

8.6 Emergency treatment

(1)The electrolyte spills on skin: wash with large amount of water

(2) The electrolyte spills into eyes: wash with large amount of water, and then seek help from specialized doctor.

(3) The electrolyte spills on clothes: take off clothes right away, wash with water, and then flush with week basic soap solution.

(4) The electrolyte leakage: in case of electrolyte leakage outside, neutralize it with lime, strong carbonic acid soda or carbonic acid soda, and then flush with large amount of water.

8.7 Charger

If the charger you use is full automatic type. It must meet with the following 2 requirements:

a The output voltage of charger: 36V

b The output current of charger: 100A

If the charger you use is semi-automatic or manually adjustable, please charge the battery pack according to the requirements of use and maintenance mentioned in the second tip.

9. Inspection before operation:

For the sake of safety operation and good situation of the electric truck, it is compulsory to check the truck completely before operation. Contact the sales department of our company when founding problems. Unless authorized or trained, the manufacturer cannot modify any adjustment values (including motor speed, etc.). In particular, the safety equipment and switches are not allowed to dismantle and adjust, incorrect repair and adjustment, will cause the occurrence of dangerous situations when operation.

Any inspection, maintenance, investigation and other work related to forklift truck, please contact our dealer. Worthy of note is that our company does not take any responsibility of the secondary damage caused by improper operation and maintenance or incorrect repair and the usage of the unoriginal parts of our company.

9.1 Check point and check content:

	No.	Check point	Check content
Braking	1	Operation handle	When we rotary concentrated control handle to see whether there is a noise from the brake.
system	2	Brake clearance	The clearance between brakes should be kept between 0.2mm and 0.5mm.
Steering system	3	Operation handle	Degree of tightness and rotary flexibility.
	4	Oil pipe	Leakage or not.
	5	Hydraulic oil	Appropriate oil quantity.
	6	Lifting oil cylinder	Whether there is any oil leakage.
Wheele	7	Pins, screws and all the fasteners	Check all the fasteners of the truck's wheels, i.e. pins or screws, loose or not.
Wheels	8	Wearing status	Compare the parameter list, replace the wheel when its diameter reduces by 5%.
Patton	9	Charge	Confirm the display state of the battery capacity.
Battery	10	Electrolyte	The solution level and density of electrolyte.

	11	Connecting wire	The connecting line and socket shall be firm.
Horn	12	Horn	Press down the horn button to check whether the horn sounds.
Instrument	13	Function	Turn on the switch of electric lock to check whether the instrument displays normally.
	14	Truck frame, etc	No damage, crank.
Others	15	Function	Check that whether lifting, lowering, forward & backward movement and support legs of the truck is normal, and if there is any abnormal noise.

10. Inspection after operation:

After operation, the smudge on truck shall be wiped out. Besides, the following check shall be carried out: Keep visibility of all graphics context marks such as warning signs, nameplate and notice board. These marks are able to instruct, caution and warn the operator to some degree.

The situation about deformation, distortion, damage or breakage

Add lubricating oil and grease if necessary.

Replace faulty components.

11. Periodic maintenance and repair:

Comprehensive check for truck can avoid malfunction and ensure the service life. The hours listed in maintenance procedures is based on the cases that the truck works for 8 hours per day and 200 hours per month. For the sake of safety, maintenance shall be carried out according to maintenance procedure.



Notice

All the repair work shall be carried out by professional personnel.

Please contact the sales department of our company if you need to adjust or replace the components.

11.1 Precautions during maintenance:



Notice

The components for replacement shall be produced completely by our company. When replacing components of the truck, the components with the same safety requirement with the original design shall be used.

The lubricating oil and hydraulic oil in use shall be recommended by our company.

(1) Places for maintenance:



Notice

The places for maintenance shall be appointed and can provide other services such as hoisting and safety protection facility etc.

The places shall have level ground and good ventilation.

The places shall be equipped with fire-extinguishing devices.

(2) The matters needing attention before maintenance:



Notice

No smoking.

Arrange the self-protection work.

Wipeout the effusive oil in time.

Before adding lubricating oil, clean up the dirty oil or dust on the joint with brush or cloth.

Except certain situation, turn off the key switch and pull off the power socket.

Lower down the fork arms to the lowest point when carrying out maintenance.

Ensure no goods on the truck when demounting the high pressure oil pipe. Besides, the fork arms shall be descended to the lowest position, by this way, the pressure of hydraulic system can be released.

For the reason that there are capacitors storing a little amount of electric energy in circuit, so before contacting the binding post of the main circuit, discharge at first. Clean the electric section with compressed air, never flush with water.

When the truck requires high-position maintenance, the altitude safety protection must be carried out for the repairing and maintenance personnel.

11.2 Inspection and maintenance before the new truck put into operation

In order to follow the industry related regulations and ensure the absolute security to the truck in the transportation, for new ex-factory truck, it is possible that there is no electrolyte inside storage battery before the first use (except the inland sale).

The electrolyte of storage battery is prepared well before the truck leave the factory, and it is filled into the storage battery by the professional personnel before the first use. First, place the truck to the site with good ventilation, open the lid of storage battery box, and open all the top plastic lids of storage battery. The plastic pot with storage battery electrolyte inside is raised using plastic funnel, and the electrolyte is poured into the storage battery in a slow way until the liquid level can be seen. After all the storage battery is filled, conduct initial charge to the storage battery timely according to the operation requirements of initial charge 6.1

11.3 Daily inspection

Inspection of hydraulic oil level: lower the fork to the lowest position, oil charge is 24L. Recommendatory trademark for the hydraulic oil should be chosen.

Check the capacity of storage battery: refer to the use and maintenance of storage battery.

11.4 The inspection according to the need

Clean the truck

Inspect and screw down each fastener

Inspect the damage state of wheels

11.5 The inspection and maintenance after 50 hours (Weekly)

	1	When we rotary concentrated control handle to see whether there is a noise from the brake.
Braking system	2	The oil dirt and dust on the turning gearwheel should be cleaned.
	3	The clearance between brakes should be kept between 0.2mm and 0.25mm
Capability of electrolyte	4	Inspect the liquid level of electrolyte, pure water can be used for supplement if the liquid level is too low.

Density of electrolyte	5	The specific gravity should be1.28g/ml after charged.	
Clean the storage battery	6	Cover the lid, and flush with tap water.	
Inspect the contactor	7	Burnish the coarse surface of contacts using sand paper.	

11.6 The inspection and maintenance after 200 hours (Monthly)

Besides the weekly maintenance, the following maintenance should be carried out, and when the parts must be adjusted and replaced, please contact with maintenance personnel of our company. (keep monthly

maintenance record)

	No.	Check point	Check content
M/h al a turrals	1	Whole status	Abnormal or not.
Whole truck	2	Horn	Sound
	3	Safety seat switch	Seat safety switch closes when seated, there is a noise from the brake.
Steering	4	Brake clearance	The clearance between brakes should be kept between 0.2mm and 0.8mm.
system,	5	Operation handle	Degree of tightness and rotary flexibility.
braking system,	6	Truck frame and fastener	Function, and check cracks, lubrication and tightness of fasteners.
hydraulic system and	7	Fork clip mechanism	Function and check the cracks, bending, deformation.
lifting system	8	Oil pipe	Whether oil pipes leak or not.
	9	Hydraulic oil	Proper quantity of oil.
	10	Lifting oil cylinder	Whether there is any oil leakage or not.
	11	Electrolyte	Liquid level, specific gravity and cleanness
	12	Plug	Function, whether it is damaged or not
	13	Key switch	Function
Storage	14	Contactor	Contact performance and function
battery, charger and	15	Micro switch	Function
electric	16	Controller	Function
system	17	Driving motor	Wearing status of carbon brush and selenium rectifier.
	18	Lifting motor	Wearing status of carbon brush and selenium rectifier.
	19	Fuse	Whether it is perfect or not
	20	Wiring harness and connection terminals	Whether flexible and whether damaged or not.

11.7 Maintenance for 600 hours (every three months)

During the maintenance every three months, the monthly maintenance process shall be repeated. When the

parts must be adjusted and replaced, please contact with maintenance personnel of our company.

Combonto	Burnish the coarse surface of contacts using sand paper.
Contactor	Replace according to the status when the function is not well.
Motor	Wearing status of carbon brush and commutator.
Brake	Clean the dirt and dust on friction plates of the brake, meanwhile check the wearing status of the friction plates.

11.8 Maintenance for 1200 hours (every six months)

During the maintenance for a half year, the maintenance process for three months shall be repeated. When the parts must be adjusted and replaced, please contact with maintenance personnel of our company.

Combostor	Burnish the coarse surface of contacts using sand paper.			
Contactor	Replace according to the status when the function is not well.			
Motor	Wearing status of carbon brush and selenium rectifier.			
Reduction box	Replace the gear oil			
Oil filter	clean			
Brake	Clean the dirt and dust on friction plates of the brake, meanwhile check the wearing status of the friction plates.			
Hydraulic system	Replace hydraulic oil. Check that whether there is any leakage in the lifting cylinder or not and replace the seals when necessary.			
Fork wheel and bearings	Check the wearing condition, and replace them if necessary			

11.9 Recommended working medium:

(1) Hydraulic oil:

When it is normally loaded, we advise:

Hydraulic oil: LHPISOVG46, in accordance with standard DIN51524T.2, the average sustained temperature should between 40 degrees to 60 degrees.

B Heavy loaded, we advise:

Hydraulic oil: LHPISOVG68, conform to the standard of DIN51524T.2, the average continuous temperature isover 60 degree.

C Low temperature light load, we advise:

Hydraulic oil:HLPISOVG32, conform to the standard of DIN51524T.2, the average continuous temperature is below 60 degree.

Various load, we advise:

D Use the hydraulic oil:LHPISOVG46 that conforms to the standard of DIN51524T.2 in the above working condition.

The viscosity of the lubrication oil is high.(most use the hydraulic oil) .

Use the SAE20W/20 engine oil instead of the HLP68 hydraulic oil when it is difficult to buy the hydraulic oil .

(1) Gear oil:

Heavy load gear oil 85W-90(GL-5).

(3)Lubricating grease:

Lithium grease of type 3

All kinds of depleted hydraulic oil, gear oil and grease will pollute the environment. For this reason, recycle the replaced working medium or treat according to local pertinent regulations.

11.10 Maintenance period of consumables and partial parts:

11.10 Maintenance	period of consumables and p	ar tiai parts.	
Items	Maintenance content	Maintenance period	Remarks
Bearings of fork wheel	Replacement	1200 hours	
Wheel	Replacement	1200 hours	
Seals	Replacement	1200 hours	Replace when finding out damage
Gear box	Replacing lubricant grease	1000 hours	
Hydraulic oil	Replacement	1000 hours	
High pressure oil pipe	Replacement	2000 hours	Replace when finding out damage
Strainer of hydraulic reservoir	Cleaning	1000 hours	
Driving motor	Check for carbon brushes and bearings	1000 hours	
Steering motor	Check for carbon brushes and bearings	1000 hours	
Oil pump motor	Check for carbon brushes and bearings	1000 hours	

12. The storage, transportation and loading of truck:

12.1 The store of truck:

If the electric pallet truck is not used for over two months, it should be placed in the room which is in good ventilation, no frost, clean and dry; also the following measures should be taken:

Clean the truck thoroughly.

Lift the forks completely for several times, check it is normal or not.

Lower the forks to the lowest position.

Support the side near to driver of truck with square timber to lift the driving wheels of truck from the ground.

Apply a layer of flimsy oil or grease on all the bared surface of mechanical parts.

Lubricate the truck.

Check the status of storage battery and electrolyte, and imbrue the non-acid lubricating grease to the binding post of storage battery.

All the electrical contacts should be sprayed using appropriate contacts spray.

12.2 transportation of truck:

If the truck needs to be transported for a long distance, support the side near to driver of truck with square timber to lift the driving wheels of truck from the ground. The two front wheels of truck shall be fixed stably by sphenoid wood block. Fasten the truck to transport vehicle with ropes.

12.3 Loading and unloading of truck:

Before loading the truck, check out the nameplate for the total weight of truck to choose appropriate hoisting handling equipment. The hoisting of truck shall be kept level, and landing shall be kept slow and stable. The personnel around shall watch for safety. One of the personnel is responsible for conducting. If the other truck is used for loading and unloading, please watch the bottom situation of the truck. Take care to insert the fork arms to the bottom, in avoidance of damaging the driving wheel, balance wheel and forward wheel.

13. Replacement of storage battery

the replacement procedure of storage battery is as follows:

- 1. Open the side door of storage battery and take it down.
- 2. Pull down the socket connector of storage battery from the truck.
- 3. Pull out the storage battery from the side way and take the storage battery away with special car or using hoisting method.
- 4. The mounting method of putting the storage battery back into the battery pack is opposite to the above procedures.



Note

Handle the storage battery gently during hoisting and transportation of the battery. Otherwise it will cause damage to the battery or bring danger to human body.

14. Common faults and troubleshooting:

No.	Faults	Possible cause	Trouble shooting
140.	radio	(1)blown fuse of controller circuit	change
		(2) power switch is not well connected	
		or damaged	repair or change
	The forklift cannot start	③blown fuse of main circuit	change
	(shout down of main	4)electric lock is not well connected or	-
	contactor)	damaged	repair or change
		⑤connection of battery is loose or fall off	fasten
		1)steering wheel Embrake does not suck, the truck is in brake condition	repair or change
1		②Potentiometer loose or the screw loosened	repair or change
	The order picker cannot start (shout down of	③walking motor magnetic coil is broken or terminal is not well connected	repair or change
	main contactor)	4)tip of contactor is not well connected	repair or change
		⑤ MOSFET tube type circuit board in trouble	repair or change
		6) guardrail is not put down or guard rail switch damaged	put down or repair or change
2	Forklift can only move	①contactor is not well connected or burned	repair or change
	forward (or backward)	②circuit board in trouble	repair or change
	Forklift cannotstop in	tip of contactor damaged, tip does not	power off in
3	travelling	release when touching it	emergence, change the contactor tip
4	shutdown of brake	shutdown of brake 1 1 Embrake loose or damaged	
		②Embrake plate worn out	repair EMbrake change the brake plate
		① steering gear damaged.	repair or change
5	steering failure	② steering motor damaged	repair or change
5		② Oil pump motor damaged	repair or change
		③ Steering pipeline leaks.	repair or change
	steering wheel is heavy	①gear and bearing is blocked	clean or replace the bearing
6	to steer, with noise, motor is overloaded	2)there is clearance in bearing installation	adjust the clearance
		3 front wheel bearing damaged	replace the bearing
		①overloaded	reduce the load
		②pressure of overflow valve is too low	adjust higher
		③abnormal inside leakage in lifting cylinder	replace the seal
7	forks cannot lift	4hydraulic oil is not enough	add appropriate amount of filtered hydraulic oil
		5)voltage of the battery is not enough	charging
		6 manual multivalve damaged	repair or change
		⑦Oil pump motor damaged	repair or change

		Oil pump damaged	repair or change
		9voltage of the battery is severely not enough	Charging
		10 electric lock not open or damaged	repair or change
		①inner mast overloaded or deform	repair or change
		②outside mast overloaded or deform	repair or change
	The fork cannot lower after lifted.	3 mast rolling wheel blocked	repair or adjust
8		4)mast guiding rod bended	repair or adjust
		⑤speed adjust valve blocked	adjust
		6 Solenoid valve is out of control	eliminate faults
		7chain loose	repair or tighten chain
	valtage degreesed (after	1)individual battery damaged	repair or change
9	voltage decreased (after charging)	②battery liquid level low	add electrolyte
	Charging)	3there is impurity in electrolyte	replace electrolyte

List of accessories, spare parts and wearable parts 15.

No.	Name	Position for use	Specification	Quantit y	Remark
1	electric key	switch on electric lock	JK404C	2	
2	plug, socket	match the charger	REMA SR 175	1set	
3	fuse	Electrical parts	10A	2	
5	fuse	Electrical parts	300A	1	
7	Seal ring	Side cylinder	UHS40	1	
8	Dust ring	Side cylinder	DHS40	2	
10	O- seal ring	Side cylinder	47.5X2.65	2	
11	Combined ring	Oil tube	D22	2	
12	Combined ring	Oil tube	D20	2	
13	Combined ring	Oil tube	D14	2	
14	Combined ring	Oil tube	D12	2	

16

Structure diagrams, schematics of main components
Hydraulic principle diagram refers to attachment 1
Electrical principle diagram refers to attachment 2
Exploded view refers to attachment 3

17. Packing list

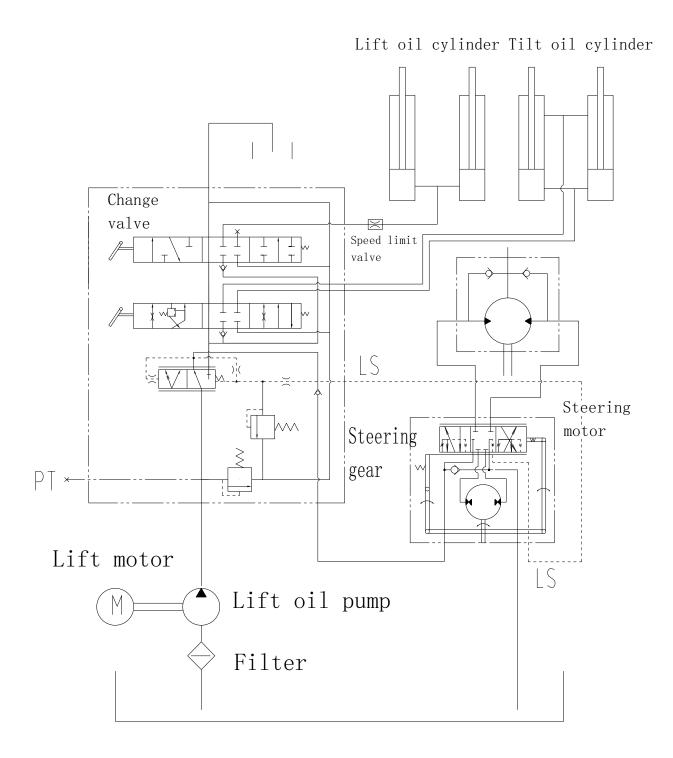
Item	Name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Complete truck	1 unit	
2	Forks	1 pair	
3	Technical document	1 pcs	table 1
4	Random tooling	1 pcs	table 2

Table 1. Technical document

Item		Name			Remarks
		1.1	Certificate of qualification	1	
		1.2	Random list	1	
1	Content	1.4	Use instructions	1	
		1.5	Parts catalogue	1	
2	Key			1	

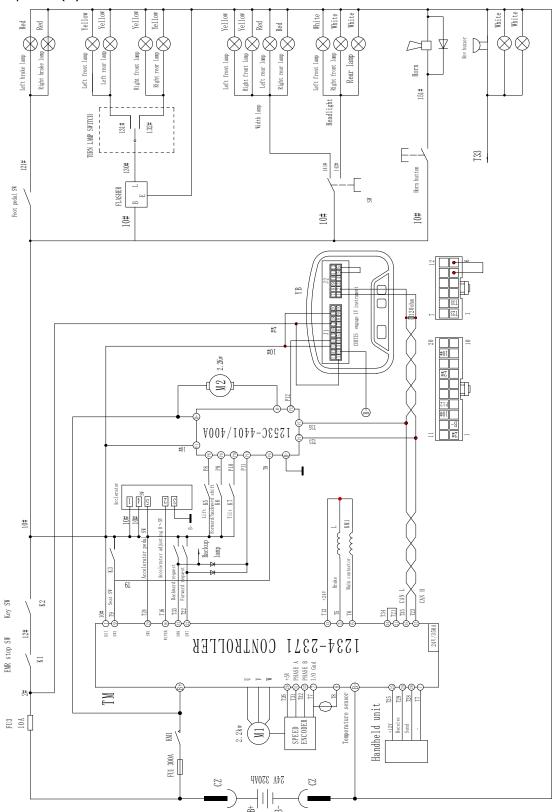
Table 2. Random tooling

Tubic 2	. Random toomig	•	
Item	Name	Q'ty	Remarks
1	Sleeve extension bar	1	
2	Wheel hub nut sleeve 22	1	
3	Wheel rim nut sleeve 17	1	
4	Hook spanner for the lift, tilt oil cylinder	1	
	Double-ended spanner 8~10	1	
	Double-ended spanner 14~17	1	
	Double-ended spanner 17~19	1	
5	Double-ended spanner 22~24	1	
	Solid spanner 13	1	
	Solid spanner 16	1	
	Solid spanner 18	1	



Hydraulic schematic diagram

Attached picture (II)



Electrical schematic diagram

Motor industrial vehicle—Safety Norms

The Second Part Safety Norms of motor industrial vehicles in service, operation and maintenance

14 Safety rules for the user and driver

In order to use the motor industrial vehicle well, this part set up some rules. The 14.1 is applied to the user, the 14.2 is for the driver.

14.1 Applied to the user

The users are the owner or the leaser individual or corporation of the truck.

14.1.1 The qualification of the driver

The driver of the motor industrial vehicle should be trained, pass examination and get the operation qualification.

14.1.2 The truck working in flammable and explosive circumstance

Only the industrial motor truck getting the qualification of the national authoritative department and getting the license of working in the flammable and explosive circumstance, should work in the circumstance.

This kind of truck should be marked with proper stamp sign, and the relevant building or the plant should be marked too.

The classification of the building or the field condition should agree on by the user and the national relevant authoritative department.

14.1.3 Passenger

Except for special seats, the vehicle cannot carry passengers. The passengers are forbidden to step on the ascent machine or the attachment.

14.1.4 The use of the forklift

14.1.4.1 The change of the capacity and nameplate of the truck

The truck in use shall not exceed the rated capacity stipulated by the factory.

Without the permit of the factory, any amendment of the design is forbidden, and should not add any attachment on the truck, in order to prevent the influence of the capacity and operation safety of the truck.

Any changing because of adding attachment should not reduce the security and accord to the requirement of this rule. After adopting the attachment, the capacity of the truck, the operation and the repair direction board, label or pattern should be altered correspondently.

The user should ensure all the nameplate and label in proper position, and maintain handwriting clear.

14.1.4.2 Stability

The user should pay attention to section 6 of the code, which is about the stability of the truck in the working conditions.

When operating correctly, the high lift truck accord with the section 6 is steady, but the incorrect operating or the wrong maintenance could let the truck working unsteadily.

The factors that may influence the stability are: the condition of the ground and the floor, grade ability, speed, load, the weight of the storage battery, the dynamic force and the static force as well as the judgment train conditions of the drivers.

When the truck is working in the condition differ to the regular working condition should reduce the load. When the truck mounted attachment working without load, it should be viewed as partial load.

14.1.4.3 The protection requirement and protection equipment

The truck should be painted with the color differing from the surrounding circumstance.

When it is necessary to denote the working condition, the truck should add caution device, such as light or flash lamp.

14.1.4.4 The charging and changing of the battery

The battery charging station should set in the appointed area. The charging station should prepare the equipment using for flushing and neutralizing the overflow electrolyte, the fire control device, the measure avoiding the truck damage the charging device and the adequacy ventilation facility blow away the fume off from the battery.

In the area of charging, it is forbidden to smoke and alarm with placard.

Only the personnel trained and permitted can change or charge the battery. The battery repairing people should wear protective clothes.

All the work of changing the battery should carried out according to the description of user's manual from the factory. When reinstall the battery, should adopt measures to make the battery connecting, orientation and fixation correctly. Do not put tools and other metal substance on the lidless battery.

Without the special approval (for example the truck factory), the electrical motor truck should not change the battery with different voltage, weight or size.

It is obliged to use the battery stated by the factory. It is obliged to prepare the facility for changing battery safely. When hanging up the battery using hoisting equipment, it is necessary to use insulated sleeve.

If adopting chain hoist, it is necessary to equip chain box. If adopting chain block, the lidless battery should be covered by a piece of rubber blanket or other insulated materials, to prevent the short circuit of chain and the connecting wire or connecting terminal between the battery lattices.

14.1.4.5 The invalid or damaged truck

If finding the motor industrial vehicle existing insecurity factors, it should stop using and give away on the spot. After repairing and recovery to the safety conditions, it can be reused.

14.1.4.6 Accident

Once the accident happens, for example the staff injures, the truck damages the building or the equipment, firstly should organize salvage, do best to protect the accident field and report to the governor.

14.1.5 Operating conditions

14.1.5.1 Channel and stacking field

The ground of the operating field should have enough carrying capacity, and it is necessary to maintain it well not to influence the truck operating safely.

The transporting channel of the truck should have well visual field, and it is easy to turn, and no grade, steep slope, narrows channel and low roof board. The outline or the borderline must be clear.

In the road where it is easy to meet the stepping truck, the width of the channel should be adjusted.

Advising the grade of the channel should not over 10%, the top and the bottom of the slope should transit smoothly, to prevent the load vibration or the bottom of the truck colliding the ground.

When the grade is over 10%, installing a sign is advised.

If the truck is in operation (transport) and the load block off the sight, when the vehicle is operating, the load should located on the backward of the truck operation direction.

For example: in some conditions (for example stacking and climbing), when the vehicle is operating, the load is required on the forward of the vehicle operation direction. Then, the driver should drive the vehicle carefully. It is necessary to attend: if the operation condition require, should equip accessory (assistant) equipment or assistant.

The passage, road, runway, floor or slope should maintain good operating conditions, to prevent the truck or the load from being damaged, and to prevent reducing the stability of the vehicle.

In dangerous state, including the barrier danger on the top should mark on the clear location.

The firefighting passage, the upstairs passage and the firefighting equipment should maintain expedite.

14.1.5.2 Gangplank or transition board

All the gangplank or transition board should has enough safety coefficients to bear the truck with load. On the gangplank or transition board should marked the max passing load perpetually.

The gangplank or transition board should fix firmly, to prevent the accidental move, vibration or slide.

On the gangplank or transition board should equipped handing or other available equipment to the effect of safety transport. On the conditions of possible, should set the fork hole or suspending ear for moving goods.

The gangplank or transition board should have non-slip finishing.

On the both sides of the gangplank or transition board, should mount the facility to prevent the truck from going over its edge.

When the gangplank or transition board is fixed its location, should adopt measures to prevent the reverse joint truck from moving suddenly.

14.1.5.3 Lighting

When the photometric brightness on the operating field is less than 32LX, the vehicle should equipped auxiliary light.

14.1.5.4 The suspending of the truck

The sling should be tied to the lifting spot which the factory appointed.

14.1.5.5 The synchronizing operation of the truck

Conveying bulky or heavy load using two trucks simultaneously is a dangerous operating which requires special care. And this kind of conditions should be taken as special conditions and carried out under the supervision of the operator responsible for operation.

14.2 Applied to the driver

The safety operating of the industrial truck lies on the control manner of the driver ro a considerable degree. The safety rules applied to the drives are as follows:

- A) general rule;
- B) transporting rule;
- C) operating (driving) rule;
- D) the rule for the driver maintaining the truck.
 - Without regard to the rules maybe conduce:
- A) the serious danger of damaging the driver or other personnel;
- B) Damage the materials.

14.2.1 General rule

Only the personnel who have been trained and get the qualification of operation are permitted to drive the industrial truck.

The motor industrial vehicle could not carry passengers, except for equipped with the facility for the passengers sitting.

The driver should pay special attention to the operating circumstance, including the person nearby other staves and fixed or moving substances, and it is necessary to watch out for the passerby at any moment. No matter whether there is load on the lifting part of the truck, it is forbidden anyone passing or standing under the lifting part of the truck.

If the people, building, organization or equipment accident happens, it is necessary to report to the relevant officer at once.

The driver should not change, add or demolish the truck components without the permission to influence the performance of the truck .It is not allowed to install accessorial frame or handle on the steering wheel ,except the factory has installed it.

The driver should use the truck in the using range.

14.2.2 Load carriage (lifting and stacking) rule

14.2.2.1 Load

The truck can only convey the load not over its rated load weight.

Any measure of enhancing the capacity of the truck is forbidden.

Only the rank stabilized or safety load can be conveyed, especially when convey the super long or high load, should pay special care.

When convey the load which center of gravity is uncertain, operating the vehicle should special carefully.

14.2.2.2 The loading and unloading of goods.

When loading the goods with forks:

- A) The space between the forks should fit the width of the conveying load.
- B) The fork should insert into the inner of the load as deep as possible. But pay attention to not make the fork tip touch the substance except the load. Then the fork should lift to the enough height to move the goods.

14.2.3 Running (driving) rule

14.2.3.1 General rule

The driver should drive the truck along the right side of the road, and the driver should see the road clearly and attend other truck, passengers and safety space.

The drivers should abide by all the traffic rules, including the speed limit specified in the factory.

It is necessary to hold a certain space with the front operating truck.

The driver should drive the truck with earnest and responsible attitude at any time. The sudden starting, stopping and turn over at high speed are forbidden. Except for the requirement of the operation conditions, advising the steering wheel should not put on the limiting position when the vehicle is starting. If starting on the limiting position, it is necessary to operate carefully.

In operation (or called transport) state, if the load obstruct the driver's sight, then when the truck running, the load should be located in the back of the truck's moving direction.

In crossroads and the occasion that would obstruct the driver's sight, the driver must reduce the speed of the truck, and issue sound signal.

In crossroads and the occasion that would obstruct the driver's sight or some dangerous occasion, the

truck must not exceed other truck moving at the same direction.

The driver must avoid the truck rolling over some fluffy object in order to avoid article damages or personnel hurts.

When turning, if there are some other trucks or pedestrians, the driver must issue warning signal.

The driver must comply with all labels about ground load carrying capacity and requirements of other instructive labels.

The driver must pay special attention to the load carrying capability of slopes and channels leading to electric elevator.

14.2.3.2 Vehicle speed

The truck speed should coordinate with the status of person's activity, visibility, road or the ground conditions and load conditions of the running area. When the vehicle is moving on wet and smooth road surface the driver must be very carefully.

Under any situation, the vehicle speed must be controlled within the range that the truck can be stopped safely.

14.2.3.3 Running on the slope

When operating on the slope, the following regulations must be obeyed:

- A) Moving up and down a slope slowly.
- B) Except for the side loading and no lifted load truck, it may as well make the bearing load device's surface towards the downgrade direction.
- C) Turning on the slope and bestride the slope are all forbidden.
- D) When the vehicle is near the slope, high platform or platform edge, the driver must drive carefully. The distance between the vehicle and the platform or platform edge must keep at least a truck tyre width.
- E) When the gradient is more than 10% during the truck's running up and down the slope, the load surface must be in a downgrade direction.

14.2.3.4 Get across a gap

It must be ensured that under hanging devices (such as: lamps, pipeline and fire extinguishing system) there is an enough clearance height.

Before getting across the passage and door, it must be ensured that there is an enough gap among the vehicle, the driver and the load.

14.2.3.6 The truck operating on the gangplank or transition board

Before the motor industrial vehicle pass the gangplank or transition board, it is necessary to make sure the firm of the board.

The overall weight of the truck should not excess the rated capacity of the gangplank or the transition board.

When passing the gangplank or the transition board, the driver should drive the truck carefully and slowly.

14.2.3.7 The use of the truck in elevator (lifter)

Before the motor industrial vehicle driving into the elevator (lifter), it is necessary to make sure the elevator (lifter) can endure the overall weight of the truck, load and drivers.

Before allow the truck driving in or out of the elevator (lifter), all other personnel should leave away from the elevator (lifter).

After the bridge box floor of the elevator (lifter) is even to the ground, the truck should slowly drive in as the positive direction.

It should be the load go into the elevator (lifter) first not the driver, this is specially adapted to the walking type truck.

After the truck driving into the elevator (lifter), switch off the power.

14.2.3.8 Parking

After the driver leaving, the carrying device must lower to the lowest position, switch off the power, stay steady the vehicle to prevent accidental move or make bold by others without approval.

When parking the truck, the firefighting passage, access stairs and firefighting passages should keep fluently.

The parking location of the truck should keep a safety distance to the railway.

4.2.4 The vehicle maintaining rule for the drivers

14.2.4.1 General rule

Before starting the truck, it is necessary to inspect the technical condition of the truck. According to the different type of the truck, should pay more attention to some special location: [for example: alarm

system, power system, brake, steering equipment, wheel and lifting system.

If the truck is found to be repaired, or during the operation the defect develops, it is necessary to report it to the superior in concern. It is forbidden to repair or adjust the truck by the truck by the driver without permission.

14.2.4.3 The charging and changing of the battery

The charging and changing of all the battery should be carried out by the personnel who has been trained and appointed staves and proceed as the description of the user's manual of the battery or truck factory. As usual the driver can be appointed.

Before charging or changing battery, the truck should be located correctly and brake.

When charging, the exhaust cap should be in the correct position to prevent the electrolyte spilling out, and make sure that the wind hole is in effect. Open the cover of the battery (or separate room) to exhaust the gas and thermal.

In the battery charging area, should adopt measures to prevent open flame, spark or electric arc. Smoking is forbidden.

The tools and other metal substance should put far away from the top of the battery without cover.

The top of the battery should keep dry; the connection terminal should keep clean, wipe a little Vaseline and screw down correctly.

Without approval, the battery of different voltage, weight or size could not replace the former one in the vehicle.

When reinstalling the battery, the battery should be put on the correct place.

Inspecting the liquid surface in the battery using open fire is forbidden.

When getting the solvent in the acid carboy, the acid carboy tilting device or siphon pipe could be used. When diluting oil of vitriol confect the electrolyte, only adding the oil of vitriol into water is permitted, not add water into oil of vitriol.

- 15 Maintenance
- 15.1 General description

Good performance of the motor industrial vehicle depends upon maintenance. Truck may damage personal health and properties in case of maintenance neglect.

15.2 Maintenance items

The items of check, lubrication, maintenance shall be carried out according to maintenance instructions supplied by the manufacture.

Only professional and qualified maintenance personnel are allowed to go along with the inspection, maintenance, modification and repair.

- 15.2.11 Neither modification in design nor addition to the truck shall be taken without permission of the manufacture for sake of weakening performance or operation security of the truck. Nameplate and instruction manual shall be revised accordingly in that condition.
- 15.2.13 All the components that are used for replacement must be of the same model, or at least of the same quality with the original part.
- 15.2.14 Industrial truck must be kept clean for sake of fire. Find loose or defective part in time. Keep clean for lifting device, carrying device, wheel tread, foot pedal, and floor of the truck. No grease, oil stain, or other dirty substances shall be kept.
- 15.3 Inspection
- 15.3.1 If any potential defective, abrasion, or damage is found in the vehicle after inspection, which would threaten safe performance, effective measure shall be taken. Truck cannot be put into operation before repair.
- 15.3.2 Protective maintenance, lubrication and inspection shall be taken in accordance with schedule for the truck. Data that are in demand of record shall be carefully kept.

Recording card of maintenance and repairing:

Items	Maintenance time	Maintenance part	Material used	Maintenance personnel	Remarks

Customer advisement feedback:

Items	Time occurred	Trouble location	Fault cause	Trouble-shooting	Remarks
					_



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